

Cowshed from Goleńsko, second half of 18th century

Arrangement of a rural carpentry workshop



A wooden building with roof covered with straw thatch. Rural carpentry began to develop at the turn of the 18th and 19th centuries. The progress of building in rural areas has resulted in demand for various household appliances: dowry chests, tables, stools, chairs, benches, beds, cradles, cupboards, shelves, sideboards, chests of drawers. Due to seasonal field work on their own farms, rural carpenters conducted their activities mainly in winter. However, constructing of cottages and farm buildings took place in the spring and autumn. Sometimes a carpenter was also a wheelwright, cooper or shipbuilder. Main stages of work where sawing, milling, drilling holes, grinding, gluing, finishing. Many planes, saws, files, compasses, drills, pincers, chisels and axes were used.



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